Highlights of the National Household Fire Survey

RR NO. 18494





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Fire Prevention and Control Administration

Purpose of NFPCA

- ... to reduce the nation's fire losses through programs of prevention and control.
- ... four program areas are:
- (1) Public Education
- (2) National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control
- (3) National Fire Data Center
- (4) Fire Research and Development

The National Fire Data Center Is responsible for the collection, analysis, publication, and dissemination of information related to fire prevention, occurrence, control and results.

The National Household Fire Survey

- ... was conducted to obtain an overview of the national household fire problem.
- ... was co-sponsored by the National Bureau of Standards of the Department of Commerce and the Consumer Product Safety Commission.
- ... was carried out by the Bureau of the Census of the Department of Commerce.
- ... an incident was reported as a fire if it emitted smoke or flames and was not started intentionally.
- ... 33,000 statistically selected households were interviewed.
- ... 2,463 fire incidents were reported.

The survey is a positive first step toward obtaining a valid estimate of the extent and causes of fires in the United States, including minor fire incidents not generally reported to the fire service. However, three major limitations must be recognized:

- ... the long recall period of one year required of the respondents.
- ... the large statistical error associated with such relatively infrequent events as fires.
- ... fires in business establishments, public places, government buildings, and common areas in apartments, were excluded from the survey.

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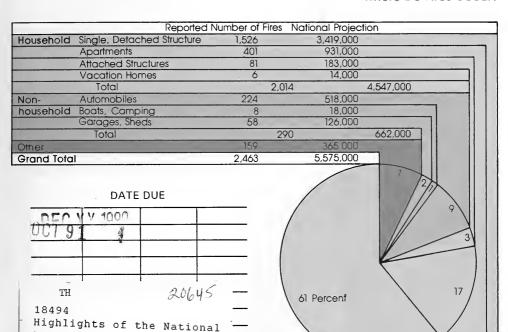


How Many Fires Occur?

- The 33,000 households surveyed reported 2,463 fires in the past year.
- This extrapolates into an estimated 5.6 million fires nationwide per year.







18494 Highlights of the National household fire survey

household fire survey

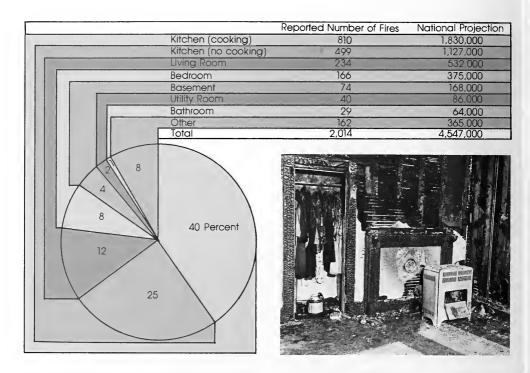
Four-fifths of the fires reported in the Survey were household fires. Most of the rest were automobile fires.

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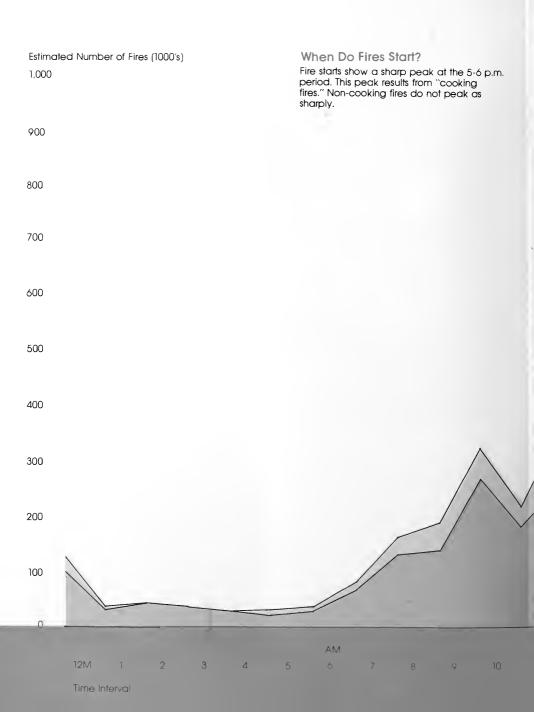
Where Do Fires Start?

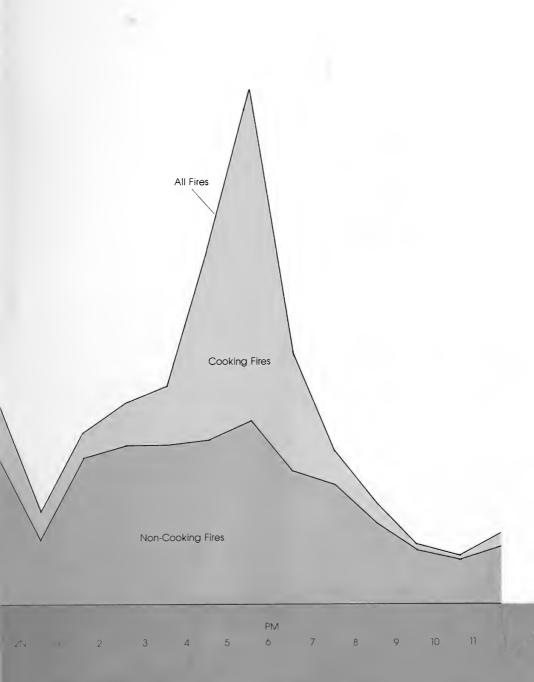


Kitchen fires involving cooking constitute 40% of all household fires. Non-cooking kitchen fires account for another 25% of the total.

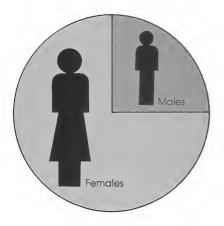








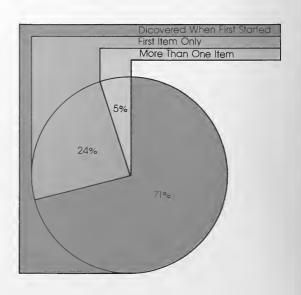
Who Discovers Fires?



Three-quarters of all household fires were discovered by females.

When Are Fires Discovered?

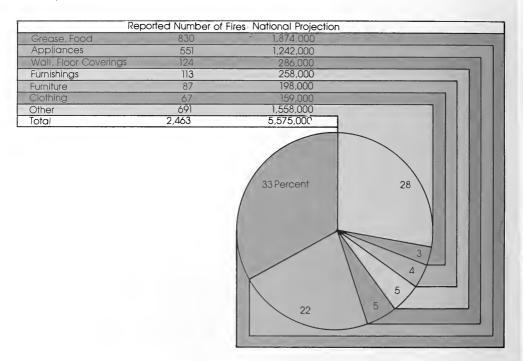
Almost three-quarters of all household fires were discovered when they first started, and most of the rest were discovered before they spread to other items. Five percent were discovered after they had spread to other items.



Over 60% of all fires involved appliances; more than half of these involved the ignition of grease or other foods.

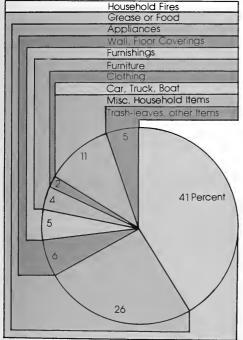
	Reported Number of Fires	National Projection
Appliances	1,534	3,474,000
(Involving grease or food)	(827)	(1,872,000)
(Other)	(707)	(1,602,000)
Wiring	192	435,000
Smoking	163	365,000
Matches and the like	108	248,000
Other	379	854,000
Do not know	87.,,	199,000
Total	2,463	5,575,000
34 Percent 8 28		

What Catches Fire (begins to smoke) First?

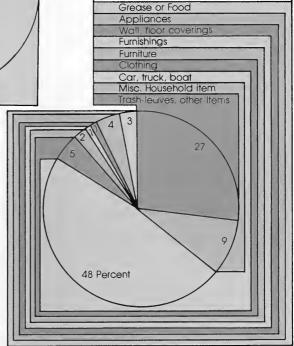


Grease and food were the first items to ignite in nearly one-third of all reported fires.





Grease and food make up 40% of first items to ignite in household, but only 3% in non-household fires.



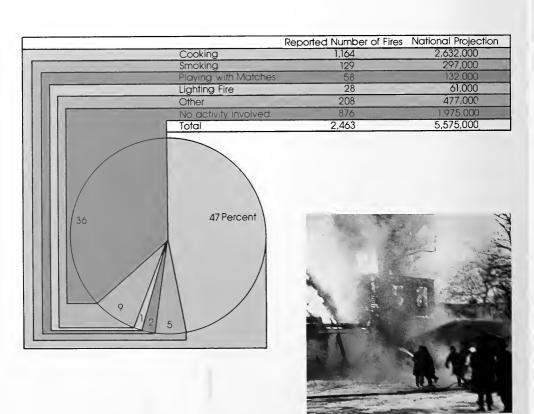
Non-Household Fires

What Are The Activities Connected With Fire?

Cooking was involved in nearly one-half of all the reported fires. However, cooking was involved in nearly three-quarters of all fires in which any human activity was involved.

What Is The Involvement Of Flammable Liquids?

Flammable liquids did not constitute a major source of residence-related fires, but they were involved in more than a quarter of the non-residence-related fires.



Who Gets Hurt?

The young and middle adult age groups show a relatively high rate of injury. Cooking and fire extinguishing activities contribute significantly to this rate.

Age Group (Years)	Reported Number of Persons Injured*	Percent of U.S. Population, 1974	Number of Injuries Per 10,000 Population by Age Group
0-5	11	10	12.0
6-10	7	9	8.7
11-15	5	10	5.3
16-20	18	10	21.6
21-45	76	32	26.5
46-65	13	20	7.3
66 plus	9	9	12.1
Total	139	100	

^{*} For the injury portion of the Survey, injury data was solicited with regard to any fire, household or otherwise, in which a household member was injured.



What is The Dollar Loss?

Reported Number of Fires with Dollar Loss	National Projection	Average Dollar Loss	National Projection for Total Dollar Loss (Million)
629	1,425,000	600	846
161	366,000	700	248
37	85.000	3.000	243
140	317,000	260	82
	5,000	9,000	42
35		200	18
1	2,000	1,200	3
3	5,000	600	3
<u></u>	137 000	400	60
1,070	2,421,000		1,545
		55 Percent	3 5
	Number of Fires with Dollar Loss 629 161 37 140 2 35 1 3	Number of Fires with Dollar Loss Projection 629 1,425,000 161 366,000 37 85,000 140 317,000 2 5,000 35 79,000 1 2,000 3 5,000 61 137,000	Number of Fires with Dollar Loss Projection Dollar Loss 629 1,425,000 600 161 366,000 700 37 85,000 3,000 140 317,000 260 2 5,000 9,000 35 79,000 200 1 2,000 1,200 3 5,000 600 61 137,000 400

Of the 2,463 fires reported in the survey, 1070 reported losses adding up to \$683,000. For the remaining 1,393 fires no losses were reported. On a national basis these figures project to 2.4 million fires with a \$1.5 billion loss, and 3.2 million fires reporting no loss.

Of the properties in which fires occurred, those that contribute most to the total loss are the single, detached structure and the automobile.

	First Item Ignited	National Projection for Total Dollar Loss (million)	Avg Dollar Loss per Fire	Avg. Dollar Loss per Fire which Resulted in Loss
	Misc. Household	326	550	1,300
	Walls, Floor, Coverings	283	1,000	1,800
	Automobile Boat etc	221	440	64
	Appliance	142	110	190
	Clothing	77	480	650
	Furnishings	84	330	500
	Mis., Non-Household	73	180	570
	Furniture	60	140	440
	Grease or Food	46	25	150
	Don't Know	233	4,000	5,500
	Total Household Item	s 1,018	220	540
	Total, all Items	1,545	280	640
3 4 5	15 21 Percen	19		

Fires in which walls and floors are reported to be the first items ignited account for some 20% of the losses resulting from the reported fires. It is very important to note that grease and food fires, while they constitute 33% of all fires, lead to only 3% of the total loss reported.

Who Puts Out The Fire?

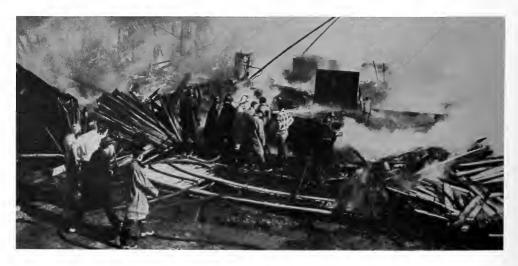
About 90% of the residence-related fires were put out by a member of the household, most often by a female.

The fire department was called to less than 10% of the residence-related fires but to almost 30% of the reported fires occurring outside the residence.

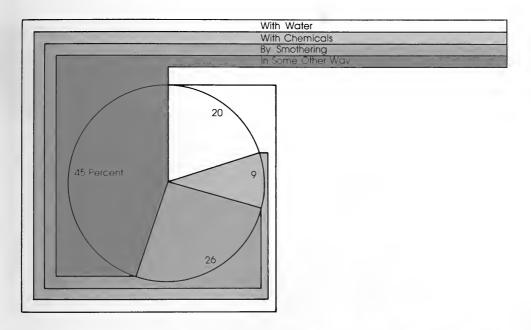
The fire department actually extinguished about 6 percent of the residence-related fires and about 20 percent of the others.







How Is The Fire Put Out?





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Fire Prevention and Control Administration Washington, D.C. 20230

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